

BENZ CAPITAL CORP.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the three months ended July 31, 2014 and 2013
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

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Management Discussion and Analysis

Quarterly Report – July 31, 2014

The following management's discussion and analysis of financial conditions and results of operations (the "MD&A"), has been prepared by management and provides a review of the activities, results of operations, and financial condition of Benz Capital Corp. (the "Company" or "Benz Capital"). This discussion dated September 29, 2014 complements and supplements the Company's condensed interim financial statements and associated notes for the three months ended July 31, 2014 and 2013. Please also refer to the cautionary statement of forward-looking information at the end of this document.

All financial information in this MD&A is prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and reported in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted. Additional information about the Company is available under the Company's profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

1. COMPANY OVERVIEW

Benz Capital is an exploration and development stage company existing under the *Canada Business Corporations Act*. It was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia on November 9, 2011. The Company completed an initial public offering and commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSX-V" or "Exchange") on September 18, 2012 and was originally classified as a Capital Pool Company ("CPC") as defined in the TSX-V Listings Policy 2.4. The activities of the company were initially limited to the efforts to identify and evaluate the acquisition of assets and business, which would represent a "Qualifying Transaction" for regulatory purpose. On April 10, 2013 the Company successfully completed a "Qualifying Transaction" by acquiring an option to acquire up to an undivided 100% interest in and to certain mineral mining leases in the Yukon Territory known collectively as the Eagle Property.

During the three months ended July 31, 2014, the Company entered into a Definite Agreement with Tusk Exploration Ltd. ("Tusk"), a private British Columbia company, for the option to acquire up to a 100% interest in the San Javier Copper Project near the village of San Javier, which is 140km east-southeast of Hermosillo, Sonora, Mexico.

Under the terms of the Agreement, Benz Capital may acquire an initial 40% interest in the Property (the "First Option") through (i) the payment of \$200,000 upon receipt of the conditional acceptance of the Exchange and in any event on or before July 15, 2014 (paid \$148,000 in accordance with the June 17, 2014 Amending Agreement); (ii) the issuance, on or before the date that is five business days following October 31, 2014, of such number of common shares of Benz Capital (the "Consideration Shares") having a value of \$5,000,000 at a deemed price per Consideration Share equal to the lesser of \$0.50 and the price per common share of the Company to be issued pursuant to a private placement to be conducted by Benz Capital in connection with the Transaction; and (iii) the payment of \$2,000,000 on or before January 2, 2018. Upon exercise of the First Option, the Company may, through the payment of \$2,000,000 on or before January 2, 2019, acquire an additional 60% interest for a total 100% interest in the Property (the "Second Option") subject to a net smelter returns royalty ("Royalty Percentage") to be granted to Tusk on the earlier of (i) the date Benz Capital has exercised the Second Option and (ii) the date commercial production from the Property commences. The Royalty Percentage will be determined based on the realized price of copper and will have a range of 0.5% and 1.5%.

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The Consideration Shares to be issued to Tusk will be restricted and released in stages over a four year period. The terms of the Option Agreement also provide for the formation of a joint venture between the Company and Tusk in the event the Company determines not to, or fails to, exercise the Second Option.

On June 17, 2014, the Company entered into an Amending Agreement with Tusk. Subject to the amendment, should the Trinidad 1, Trinidad 2 and San Carlos concessions not be registered before the appropriate mining authorities in Mexico on the option payment dates referenced above, Benz Capital shall be entitled to withhold 26% of the option payments due under the First Option and Second Option until such time as the registration of the concessions has been completed.

2. INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING

On September 18, 2012 the Company completed its initial public offering (the "Offering") of 2,500,000 common shares at a price of \$0.10 per Common Share for gross proceeds of \$250,000. In connection with the IPO, the Company issued compensation options to its agent to acquire an aggregate of 250,000 Common Shares at an exercise price of \$0.10 per Common Share. The compensation options will expire on September 17, 2014. The agent also received a cash commission equal to 10% of the gross proceeds of the IPO.

On closing of the IPO, the Company also granted options to acquire an aggregate of 550,000 Common Shares at an exercise price of \$0.10 per option to the directors and officers of the Company. Such options expire five years from the date of grant.

3. QUALIFYING TRANSACTION

On April 10, 2013, the Company closed its purchase of an option to acquire up to an undivided 100% interest in and to certain mineral leases in the Yukon Territory known collectively as the Eagle Property (the "Option Purchase"). The Option Purchase constitutes the Company's "Qualifying Transaction" under the policies of the TSX-V.

As consideration for the Option Purchase, Benz Capital paid to Avaron Mining Corp. ("Avaron") a cash payment of \$25,000 and issued 400,000 of its common shares. Additionally, the Company issued 50,000 common shares to Avino Silver & Gold Mines Ltd. ("Avino") as consideration for Avino's consent to the Option Purchase, as required under the terms of the Option Agreement.

The terms of the Option Agreement allow the Company to exercise the Option to acquire a 75% interest in the Eagle Property by making cash payments to Avino in an aggregate amount of \$350,000, issuing a total of 500,000 common shares and either completing drilling on a total of 35,000 metres in depth or incurring cumulative exploration expenditures of \$7,100,000 on the Eagle Property all over a five year period. Upon acquisition of a 75% interest, Benz Capital will have the option to acquire an additional 25% interest in the Eagle Property or form a joint venture with Avino for the further exploration and development of the Eagle Property.

Avaron is a private junior mining company incorporated under the laws of British Columbia. The Company and Avaron share common directors that collectively control more than 50% of Avaron's issued and outstanding shares. As a result, the Option Purchase constitutes a related party transaction.

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Please refer to the Company's condensed interim financial statements for the three months ended July 31, 2014 for further information.

4. MINERAL PROPERTIES

San Javier Project Preliminary Economic Assessment

During the three months ended July 31, 2014, Benz Capital completed an independent Preliminary Economic Assessment ("PEA") for the San Javier project (the "Project") located near the village of San Javier, Sonora, Mexico.

The PEA, prepared by JDS Energy and Mining Inc. ("JDS"), was initiated to apply economic considerations to the Project's mineral resource in order to convert it to a National Instrument 43-101 compliant ("NI 43-101") PEA that estimates the Project's technical and economic potential.

Highlights

- Mine life of eight and a quarter years with an average of 20 million pounds of payable copper production per year;
- Net present value ("NPV"), at a constant US\$3.05/pound copper price and a 7.0% discount rate, of \$67 million ("M");
- Pre-Tax Internal Rate of Return ("IRR"), at a constant US \$3.05/pound copper price, of 23%, and Post-Tax Internal Rate of Return ("IRR") of 18%;
- Mineral Resources of 28.5 million tonnes grading 0.30% copper head grade (Acid Soluble + Cyanide Soluble), for a contained 192 million pounds of copper;
- Life of mine ("LOM") capital cost of \$113 million, including 20% of contingency;
- LOM all-in cash cost of US\$1.60/pound of payable copper (including project and the Mexican mining royalties);
- Pay-back period of 3 years.

Assuming an average copper price of \$3.05/lb, San Javier has an estimated \$130 M pre-tax cash flow, \$67 M pre-tax net present value ("NPV") at a 7% discount rate and an \$82 M pre-tax NPV at a 5% discount rate. The PEA cash flow is presented at the project level and does not include any other corporate obligation.

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Mineral Resources

The mineral resource estimate which forms the basis of the PEA is as follows:

Open Pit	Resource	Metric Tonnes (M)	Cu _(AS+CN) Grade (%)	%
Cerro Verde	Indicated	26.10	0.298	98%
	Inferred	0.61	0.241	2%
	Total	26.71	0.297	
La Trinidad	Indicated	0.00	0.000	0%
	Inferred	1.77	0.433	100%
	Total	1.77	0.433	
Total	Indicated	26.10	0.298	92%
	Inferred	2.38	0.384	8%

The PEA is preliminary in nature and includes 8% of inferred mineral resources in the mine plan that are considered too speculative geologically to have economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves. There is no certainty that the preliminary economic assessment will be realized. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability.

Transaction Remains Conditional

At this time, the Transaction remains subject to a number of conditions and approvals, including shareholder approval and final approval of the TSX Venture Exchange.

Drill Program at Eagle Property

The Eagle vein has displayed a consistent and predictable structure that has at least a 900 metre strike length and extends to the 300 metre depth. High-grade intercepts in the widely spaced drilling indicates the presence of several "ore shoots" that require additional drilling to define.

Based on historical findings, the Company is attempting to delineate the vein and potential mineralized zones through diamond drilling. Kluane Drilling Ltd., a local company, has been contracted to conduct the 2013 diamond drilling program.

In September, 2013 the Company received assay results from the 2013 diamond drill program completed on the Eagle Property located on the southeastern flank of Galena Hill in central Yukon. The purpose of the drilling was to confirm grades reported by past operators. Benz Capital completed two diamond drill holes to a combined depth of 450 metres on the Property.

Both diamond drill holes EAG-13-01 and EAG-13-02 intersected polymetallic Ag-Pb-Zn ± Au, Indium veins which were intended to test the best historic intercept to date from diamond drill hole 64-23 which intersected 7,625 gpt Ag, 1.2% Pb over a 1.2 m interval.

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Drillhole EAG-13-01 was intended to step out slightly from vertical diamond drill hole 64-23 and was drilled at an 85° angle from the same drill pad. The hole intersected 0.75m of 8.29% Zn, 204 gpt (7.20 ozpt) Ag and 55.18 gpt (1.95 ozpt) Indium.

Drillhole EAG-13-02 was drilled to step out from DDH 64-23 and was drilled 20° east of diamond drill hole EAG-13-01 at a 70° angle. The hole intersected 435 gpt (15.34 ozpt) Ag, 18.8% Zn, 238.1 gpt (8.40 ozpt) Indium and 0.42 gpt Au.

Tabulated Drill Highlights:

Drillhole	From (m)	To (m)	Interval (m)	Ag (g/t)	Ag (oz/t)	Pb %	Zn %	In (g/t)	In (oz/t)	Au (g/t)
EAG-13-01	168.48	169.23	0.75	204	7.20	0.56	8.29	55.18	1.95	0.03
EAG-13-01	169.23	170.73	1.50	226	7.97	0.67	3.41	18.08	0.64	0.06
EAG-13-01	170.73	172.35	1.62	133	4.69	0.49	6.23	35.22	1.24	0.06
EAG-13-01*	180.90	182.30	1.40			0.08	6.70	65.82	2.32	0.12
EAG-13-02	123.95	124.20	0.25	435	15.34	7.76	18.80	238.14	8.40	0.42
EAG-13-02	129.10	130.37	1.27	188	6.63	1.71	2.21	6.78	0.24	0.01
EAG-13-02	129.10	130.37	1.27	185	6.53	1.78	2.24	7.24	0.26	0.02
EAG-13-02	130.37	130.87	0.50			0.05	2.63	22.93	0.81	0.09

*Denotes average of two samples (duplicate sample analyzed).

NB- The reported intersections are drilled thicknesses and are believed to represent approximately 70 to 100% true widths.

Benz Capital employs a rigorous QA/QC protocol on all aspects of sampling and analytical procedure including insertion of blank, duplicate, and standard reference samples. Drill cores are checked, logged, marked for sampling, and split in half whereby half is sent for analysis and half is kept for future reference. Drill core samples were shipped to ISO Certified AcmeLabs at Whitehorse, Yukon for preparation, and 53-element ICP analysis and fire-assay completed at the AcmeLabs facility in Vancouver, British Columbia. Samples are further analyzed employing the appropriate methodology for over-limit analyses of silver (Ag), gold (Au), lead (Pb), zinc (Zn), and indium (In).

Mr. Miloje Vicentijevic, P.Eng., M.Eng., a qualified person under National Instrument 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects of the Canadian Securities Administrators and CEO of the Company, reviewed and approved the scientific and technical disclosure in this MD&A.

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5. REVIEW OF FINANCIAL RESULTS

Summary of Quarterly Results

	Jul. 31, 2014	Apr. 30, 2014	Jan. 31, 2014	Oct. 31, 2013	Jul. 31, 2013	Apr. 30, 2013	Jan. 31, 2013	Oct. 31, 2012
Interest Income	233	304	397	545	634	415	325	210
Net loss	(232,649)	(140,523)	(32,013)	(46,808)	(136,480)	(58,949)	(77,137)	(52,483)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.03)	-	-	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.04)

Three months ended July 31, 2014 compared with the three months ended July 31, 2013.

During the three months ended July 31, 2014, the Company had a net loss of \$232,649 compared to a net loss of \$136,480 for the three months ended July 31, 2013. The difference between these two quarters is due to higher exploration expenditures for the evaluation of new properties, listing and filing fees, professional fees, and investor relations in relation to the acquisition of the San Javier property and the private placement, and additional management fees.

6. LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS applicable to a going concern. The Company's future liquidity will depend upon its ability to develop and finance future profitable business opportunities. Until this is achieved the ability of the Company to meet its financial liabilities and commitments is primarily dependent upon the continued issuance of equity to new or existing shareholders. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain further funds required for its continued working capital requirements. As at July 31, 2014 the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$57,224 and working capital of \$27,922.

	Jul. 31, 2014	Apr. 30, 2014	Jan. 31, 2014	Oct. 31, 2013	Jul. 31, 2013	Apr. 30, 2013	Jan. 31, 2013	Oct. 31, 2012
Cash and cash equivalents	57,224	220,762	289,215	313,461	418,870	487,780	320,387	400,984
Working Capital	27,922	186,250	294,315	322,358	361,752	483,831	317,143	393,792

The changes in both cash on hand and working capital are primarily due to operating activities, as discussed in the previous section, and financing and investing activities as detailed below.

Investing Activities

Three months ended July 31, 2014

On May 5, 2014, the Company entered into a Definite Agreement with Tusk Exploration Ltd. for the option to acquire up to a 100% interest in the San Javier Copper project near the village of San Javier, which is 140km east-southeast of Hermosillo, Sonora, Mexico.

As consideration for the First Option, the Company was required to pay \$148,000 cash during the three months ended July 31, 2014.

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Three months ended July 31, 2013

There were no investing activities during the three months ended July 31, 2013.

Financing Activities

Three months ended July 31, 2014

In July 2014, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$230,619 (the "Private Placement"). The Private Placement was comprised of units at \$0.47 per unit (each, a "Unit"). A total of 490,679 Units were issued pursuant to the Private Placement. Each Unit consists of one common share (each, a "Common Share") and one Common Share purchase warrant (each, a "Warrant") which is exercisable to acquire one additional Common Share at a price of \$0.55 per share until July 28, 2019.

The proceeds of the Private Placement will be used for funding the closing of the Company's option agreement with Tusk Exploration Ltd. dated May 5, 2014 (the "Option Agreement"), as well as for general corporate purposes. The Company is subject to a trading halt which remains in effect until the Exchange completes its review of the personal information forms for Tusk's directors.

Three months ended July 31, 2013

There were no financing activities during the three months ended July 31, 2013.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Related Party Transactions

During the three months ended July 31, 2014 and 2013 the Company engaged in the following related party transactions with key management personnel.

	July 31, 2014	July 31, 2013
Salaries, bonuses, fees and benefits		
Management fees to the CEO and CFO of the Company	\$ 30,120	\$ 23,100
Legal fees to a law firm of which a Director is Principal	12,543	834
Share-based payments		
Officers and directors of the Company	-	4,924
	\$ 42,663	\$ 28,858

At July 31, 2014, the Company was indebted to a law firm of which a Director of the Company is Principal for \$5,503 (April 30, 2014 - \$10,075), representing legal fees and to the management of the company for \$Nil (April 30, 2014 - \$3,540), representing management fees. The balances owing are unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand.

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The option purchase agreement between Benz Capital and Avaron Mining Corp. constitutes a related party transaction. The Company and Avaron share common directors that collectively control more than 50% of Avaron's issued and outstanding shares. Please see Note 5 of the July 31, 2014 condensed interim financial statements for further details.

Proposed Transactions

The company entered into a Definitive Agreement with Tusk Exploration Ltd., a private British Columbia company for the option to acquire up to a 100% interest in the San Javier Copper Project ("San Javier"), near the village of San Javier, which is 140 km east-southeast of Hermosillo, Sonora, Mexico.

Please refer to Section 1 of this MD&A for further information on the Definitive Agreement.

Commitments

Under the terms of the Option Agreement on the Eagle property the Company was required to incur \$100,000 of exploration expenditures on or before January 3, 2014. The Company did incur \$98,244 at that time and is required to pay the difference in cash to Avino Silver & Gold Mines ("Avino"). Further the Company is required to pay to Avino \$100,000 in cash and incur \$625,000 of exploration expenditures on or before January 3, 2015.

Changes in Accounting Policies

There are no changes in accounting policies.

Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the exploration and development of its properties and to maintain flexible capital structure for its projects for the benefit of its stakeholders. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of shareholders' equity.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares or adjust the amount of cash and cash equivalents. Management reviews the capital structure on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. There were no changes to the Company's capital management during the three months ended July 31, 2014.

Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, and trade and other payables. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying value, unless otherwise noted.

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Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers without Significant Revenue

Detail regarding material items within general and administrative expenses has been provided throughout this document.

Outstanding Shares

Authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value and an unlimited number of preferred shares without par value.

Subsequent to the quarter ended July 31, 2014, all 157,000 compensation options were exercised at \$0.10 per share for gross proceeds of \$15,700.

As at September 29, 2014, the Company had the following issued and outstanding common shares and unexercised stock options, warrants and agent compensation options:

	Shares and Potential Shares
Common shares outstanding	8,490,631
Stock options (weighted average exercise price \$0.14)	784,000
Warrants (weighted average exercise price \$0.45)	990,679
Total common shares and potential common shares	10,265,310

A total of 1,980,000 common shares are held in escrow. These shares are subject to an escrow agreement in accordance with the Exchange Policy 2.4. On closing of the Qualifying Transaction 10% of these shares were released. The remaining shares will be released in six equal tranches of 15% every six months following the closing of the Qualifying Transaction for a period of 36 months.

7. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Our business, operating, and financial condition could be harmed due to any of the following risks. The risks described below are not the only ones facing our Company. Additional risks not presently known, or that Benz Capital currently deems immaterial, may also impair our business operations. If any such risks actually occur, the financial condition, liquidity and results of operations of the Company as well as the ability of the Company to implement its growth plans could be materially adversely affected.

The following is a description of certain risks and uncertainties that may affect the business of the Company.

Limited Operating History

Benz Capital is a relatively new company with limited operating history and no history of business or mining operations, revenue generation, or production history. Benz Capital was incorporated on November 9, 2011, and has yet to generate a profit from its activities. The Company is subject to all of the business risks and uncertainties associated with any new business enterprise, including the risk that it will not achieve its growth objective. The Company anticipates that it may take several years to achieve positive cash flow from operations.

Exploration, Development, and Operating Risks

The exploration for and development of minerals involves significant risks, which even a combination of careful evaluation, experience, and knowledge may not eliminate. Few properties, which are explored, are ultimately developed into producing mines. There can be no guarantee that the estimates of quantities and qualities of minerals disclosed will be economically recoverable. With all mining operations there is uncertainty and, therefore, risk associated with operating parameters and costs resulting from the scaling up of extraction methods tested in pilot conditions. Mineral exploration is speculative in nature, and there can be no assurance that any minerals discovered will be discovered in sufficient quantities to warrant commercial exploitation. The Company's operations will be subject to all of the hazards and risks normally encountered in the exploration, development, and production of minerals. These include unusual and unexpected geological formations, rock falls, seismic activity, flooding, and other conditions involved in the extraction of material, any of which could result in damage to, or destruction of, mines and other producing facilities, damage to life or property, environmental damage, and possible legal liability. Although precautions to minimize risk will be taken, operations are subject to hazards that may result in environmental pollution and consequent liability that could have a material adverse impact on the business, operations, and financial performance of the Company.

Substantial Capital Requirements and Liquidity

Substantial additional funds will be required and there can be no assurances given that the Company will be able to raise the necessary funds. To meet such funding requirements, the Company may undertake additional equity financing, which would be dilutive to shareholders. There is no assurance that additional financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company, or at all. If the Company is unable to obtain additional financing as needed, it may be required to discontinue operations.

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Competition

There is competition within the mining industry for the discovery and acquisition of properties considered to have commercial potential. The Company will compete with other mining companies, many of which have greater financial, technical, and other resources than the Company, for, among other things, the acquisition of minerals claims, leases, and other mineral interests as well as for the recruitment and retention of qualified employees and other personnel.

Reliance on Management and Dependence on Key Personnel

The success of the Company is currently largely dependent upon the performance of its directors and officers, and the ability to attract and retain its key personnel. The loss of the services of these persons may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and prospects. Benz Capital will compete with numerous other companies for the recruitment and retention of qualified employees and contractors. There is no assurance that the Company can maintain the service of its directors and officers or other qualified personnel required to operate its business. Failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on the Company and its prospects.

Fluctuating Mineral Prices and Marketability of Minerals

The market price of any mineral is volatile and affected by many factors beyond the Company's control, including but not limited to: international supply and demand, consumer product demand levels, international economic trends, commodity prices, operations costs, variations in mineral grade, fluctuations in the market price of minerals, currency exchange rate fluctuations, the level of interest rates, the rate of inflation, global or regional political events, and international events as well as a range of other market forces. Depending on the price of certain minerals, the Company may determine that it is impractical to continue its mineral exploration or development operations, if any. Sustained downward movements in mineral market prices could render less economic, or uneconomic, some or all of the mineral extraction and/or exploration activities to be undertaken by the Company. The marketability of minerals is affected by factors such as government regulation of mineral prices, royalties, allowable production, and the importation and exportation of minerals, the effect of which cannot be accurately predicted. There is no assurance that a profitable market will exist for the sale of minerals found, if any, on the Company's properties.

No Mineral Reserves or Mineral Resources

The Eagle Property is considered to be in the early exploration stage only and does not contain a known body of commercial minerals.

Environmental Risks

All phases of the mining business present environmental risks and hazards, and are subject to environmental regulation pursuant to a variety of international conventions, local laws, and regulations. Environmental legislation provides for, among other things, restrictions and prohibitions on spills, releases or emissions of various substances produced in association with mining operations. The legislation also requires that operations be operated, maintained, abandoned, and reclaimed to the satisfaction of applicable regulatory authorities. Compliance with such legislation can require significant expenditures and a breach may result in the imposition of fines and penalties, some of which may be material.

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Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner expected to result in stricter standards and enforcement, larger fines and liability, and potentially increased capital expenditures and operating costs.

Governmental Regulations and Processing Licenses and Permits

The activities of the Company are subject to government approvals, various laws governing prospecting, development, land resumptions, production taxes, labour standards, and occupational health, mine safety, toxic substances, and other matters, including issues affecting local First Nations populations. Although the Company believes that its activities are currently carried out in accordance with all applicable rules and regulations, no assurance can be given that new rules and regulations will not be enacted, or that existing rules and regulations will not be applied in a manner, which could limit or curtail production or development. Amendments to current laws and regulations governing operations and activities of exploration and mining, or more stringent implementation thereof, could have a material adverse impact on the business, operations, and financial performance of the Company. Further, the mining licenses and permits issued in respect of its projects may be subject to conditions which, if not satisfied, may lead to the revocation of such licenses. In the event of revocation, the value of the Company's investments in such projects may decline.

Conflicts of Interest

Certain directors and officers of the Company will be engaged in, and will continue to engage in, other business activities on their own behalf and on behalf of other companies (including mineral resource companies) and, as a result of these and other activities, such directors and officers of the Company may become subject to conflicts of interest. The Business Corporations Act of British Columbia ("BCBCA") provides that in the event that a director has a material interest in a contract or proposed contract or agreement that is material to the issuer, the director shall disclose his interest in such contract or agreement, and shall refrain from voting on any matter in respect of such contract or agreement, subject to and in accordance with the BCBCA. To the extent that conflicts of interest arise, such conflicts will be resolved in accordance with the provisions of the BCBCA.

Markets for Securities

There can be no assurance that an active trading market in the Company's shares will be established and sustained. The market price for the Company's shares could be subject to wide fluctuations. Factors such as commodity prices, government regulation, interest rates, share price movements of the Company's peer companies and competitors, as well as overall market movements, may have a significant impact on the market price of the securities of Company. The stock market has from time to time experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations, particularly in the mining sector.

Uninsurable Risks

Exploration, development and production operations on mineral properties involve numerous risks, including unexpected or unusual geological operating conditions, rock bursts, cave-ins, fires, floods, earthquakes, and other environmental occurrences. It is not always possible to obtain insurance against all such risks, and the Company may decide not to insure against certain risks as a result of high premiums or other reasons. Should such liabilities arise, they could have an adverse impact on the Company's results of operations and financial condition, and could cause a decline in the value of the Company's shares. The Company does not intend to maintain insurance against environmental risks.

First Nations

The Eagle Property may cross or abut lands, which are subject to ongoing claims and treaty negotiations among native groups and various levels of government. There is a risk that the development of the Eagle Property could give rise to actions by aboriginal groups to disrupt operations. This would increase costs and curtail the development of the Eagle Property.

8. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following IFRS standards have been recently issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). The Company is assessing the impact of these new standards, but does not expect them to have a significant effect on the financial statements.

The following standard will be effective for the Company’s annual periods beginning on May 1, 2015:

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

In November 2009, as part of the IASB project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, the IASB issued the first phase of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments that introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. The standard was revised in October 2010 to include requirements regarding classification and measurement of financial liabilities.

Management has not yet completed its process of assessing the impact that IFRS 9 will have on the Company’s financial statements, or whether to early adopt this requirement.

9. INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Any system of internal control over financial reporting, no matter how well designed, has inherent limitations and may not prevent or detect misstatements. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can only provide reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies and procedures may deteriorate.

10. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

The critical judgment that the Company’s management has made in the process of applying the Company’s accounting policies that has the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Company’s financial statements is related to the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern.

Benz Capital Corp.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Quarterly Report – July 31, 2014

For a summary of significant accounting policies, please refer to Note 3 of the condensed interim financial statements for the three months ended July 31, 2014. Management believes it has made estimates that best reflect the facts and circumstances, however, actual results may differ from estimates.

11. APPROVAL

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A.

12. FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

This MD&A is based on a review of the Company's operations, financial position, and plans for the future based on facts and circumstances as of September 29, 2014. Certain statements contained in this MD&A constitute forward-looking information within the meaning of securities laws. Forward-looking information may relate to our future outlook and anticipated events or results and may include statements regarding the future financial position, business strategy, budgets, litigation, projected costs, capital expenditures, financial results, taxes, plans, and objectives of or involving the Company. Particularly, statements regarding our future operating results and economic performance are forward-looking statements. In some cases, forward-looking information can be identified by terms such as "may", "will", "should", "expect", "plan", "anticipate", "believe", "intend", "estimate", "predict", "potential", "continue", or other similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts. Forward-looking information is subject to certain factors, including risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from what we currently expect. Such factors include, but are not limited to the risk that the Company's option agreement with Tusk Exploration Ltd. may not be completed for any reason whatsoever, including that the shareholders and/or regulators may not approve the transaction, and the potential development of the San Javier project to a producing mine may not occur as planned or at all. Forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is based on our current estimates, expectations, and projections, which we believe are reasonable as of the current date. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or otherwise revise any forward-looking information, except as required by law.